1 Senate Bill No. 339 2 (By Senators Palumbo and Klempa) 3 [Introduced January 28, 2011; referred to the Committee on Labor; 5 and then to the Committee on Finance.] 6 7 8 9 10 A BILL to amend and reenact §21-5-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to payment of wages to separated 11 12 employees; and authorizing payment at regular pay periods through regular means or by mail. 13 14 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia: 15 That §21-5-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, 16 be amended and reenacted to read as follows: 17 ARTICLE 5. WAGE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION. 18 §21-5-4. Cash orders; employees separated from payroll before 19 paydays. 20 (a) In lieu of lawful money of the United States, any person, 21 firm or corporation may compensate employees for services by cash 22 order which may include checks or money orders on banks convenient 23 to the place of employment where suitable arrangements have been 24 made for the cashing of such the checks by employees for the full 25 amount of wages. (b) Whenever a person, firm or corporation discharges an 26 27 employee, such the person, firm or corporation shall pay the

- 1 employee's wages in full within seventy-two hours no later than the
- 2 next regular payday through the regular pay channels or by mail if
- 3 requested by the employee.
- 4 (c) Whenever an employee quits or resigns, the person, firm or
- 5 corporation shall pay the employee's wages no later than the next
- 6 regular payday, either through the regular pay channels or by mail
- 7 if requested by the employee, except that if the employee gives at
- 8 least one pay period's notice of intention to quit the person, firm
- 9 or corporation shall pay all wages earned by the employee at the
- 10 time of quitting.
- 11 (d) When work of any employee is suspended as a result of a
- 12 labor dispute, or when an employee for any reason whatsoever is
- 13 laid off, the person, firm or corporation shall pay in full to such
- 14 the employee not later than the next regular payday, either through
- 15 the regular pay channels or by mail if requested by the employee,
- 16 wages earned at the time of suspension or layoff.
- 17 (e) If a person, firm or corporation fails to pay an employee
- 18 wages as required under this section, such the person, firm or
- 19 corporation, shall in addition to the amount which was unpaid when
- 20 due, be is liable to the employee for three times that unpaid
- 21 amount as liquidated damages. Every employee shall have such lien
- 22 and all other rights and remedies for the protection and
- 23 enforcement of such their salary or wages, as he or she would have
- 24 been entitled to had he or she rendered service therefor in the
- 25 manner as last employed. except that, For the purpose of such
- 26 liquidated damages, such the failure shall not be deemed to does
- 27 not continue after the date of the filing of a petition in

- 1 bankruptcy with respect to the employer if he or she is adjudicated
- 2 bankrupt upon such petition.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize final payment of wages of separated employees at regular pay periods, through regular means or by mail.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.